

Building the Digital Thread between MBSE and MBD to Meet ISO26262 for Embedded Software

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Assessing ISO26262 Part 6 compliance for new and existing Ford In House software developed with Model Based Design software has demonstrated the need for additional best practices

These best practices are needed to achieve connectivity to the System Engineering process and to allow for traceability and thread pulling of SW development artifacts*

*System and software requirements, model and data dictionary, implementation, test cases



The following pain points were identified and targeted:

- Architecture models and implementation models were maintained in separate tools resulting in a poor connection between them
- Requirements were previously maintained in Microsoft Word with implicit linking to the Simulink implementation models resulting in the need for manual traceability
- Change tracking/impact analysis in models was difficult because one file contained all the subsystems
- Traceability between requirements, models, and tests was maintained in a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet resulting a labor-intensive process change management process
- Relationships between high-level requirements, implementation requirements, implementation, and test
 cases were implicit making validation of high-level requirements difficult

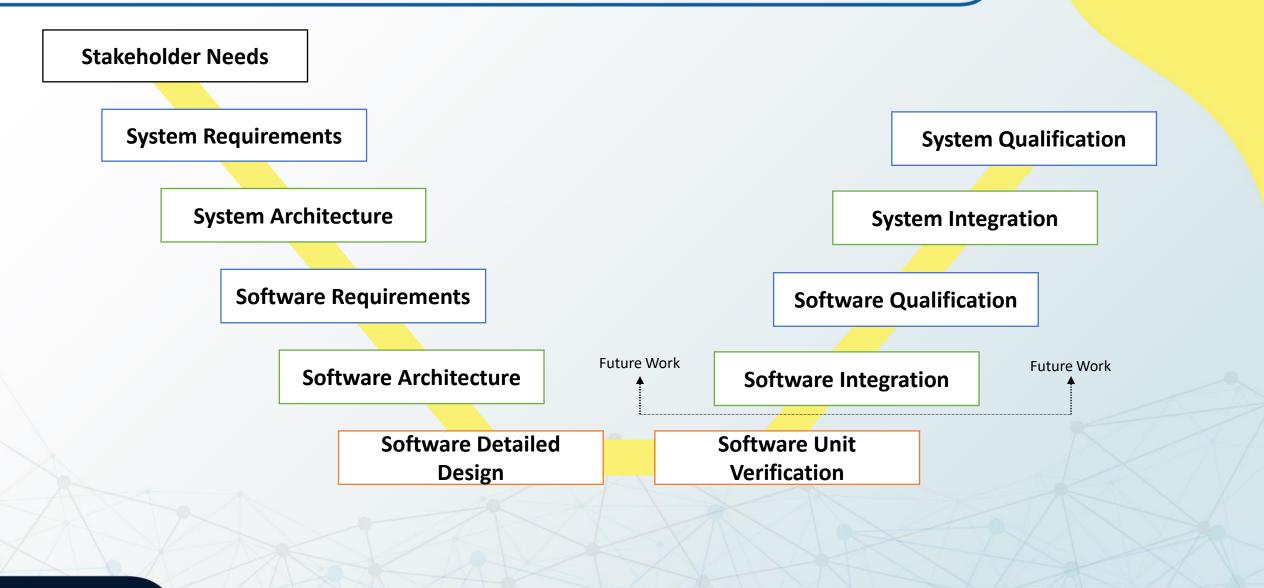




- Adopted an Integrated MBSE MBD workflow to better connect system and software design artifacts
 - Created software functional architecture from required system functions via functional decomposition, allowing for focus on main SW function inputs and outputs upfront
 - Created software technical architecture that connects to system technical architecture and production model, allowing for nesting up and down the System V
- Limited the duplication of sources of truth
- Used a requirements management tool enabling requirements being machine readable, have relationships between requirements, and traceability to other System V artifacts
- Adopted a componentized modeling style (Model Reference and Reference Data Dictionary) enabling impact analyses upon changes and traceability to other System V artifacts
- Continued use of Simulink Test to perform requirements-based SW V&V with machine readable requirements, enabling impact analyses upon changes and traceability to other System V artifacts

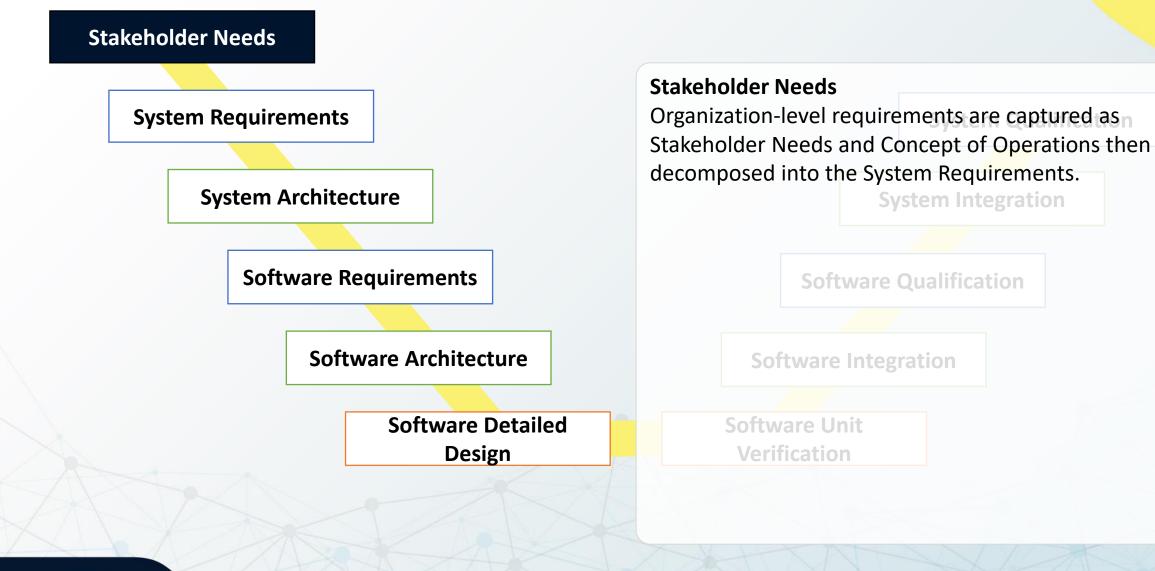








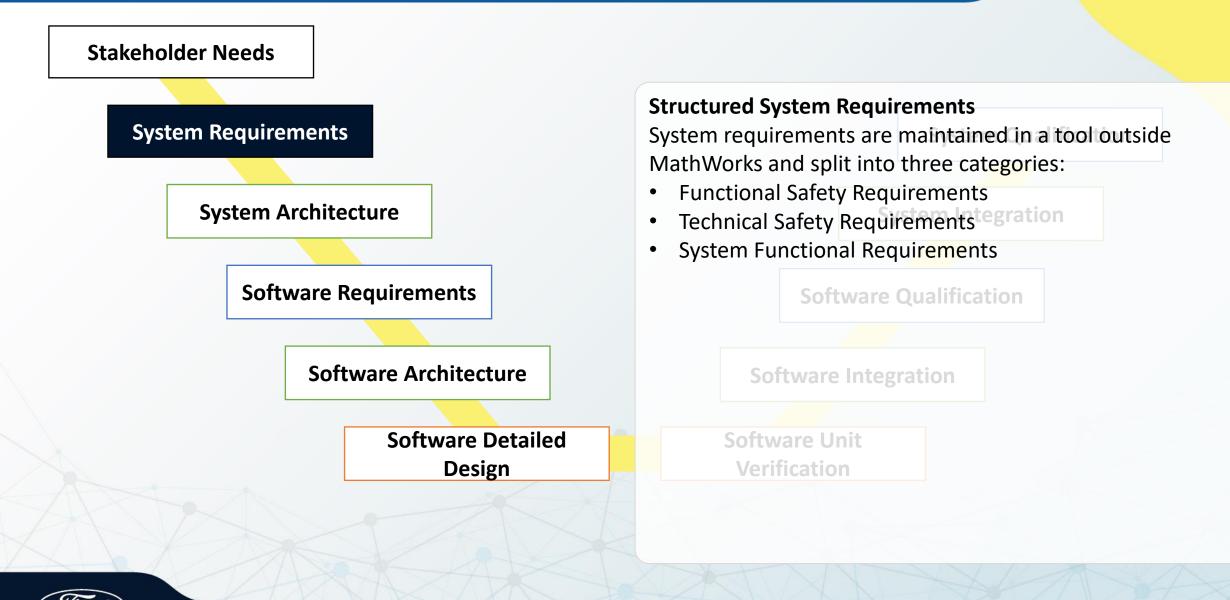




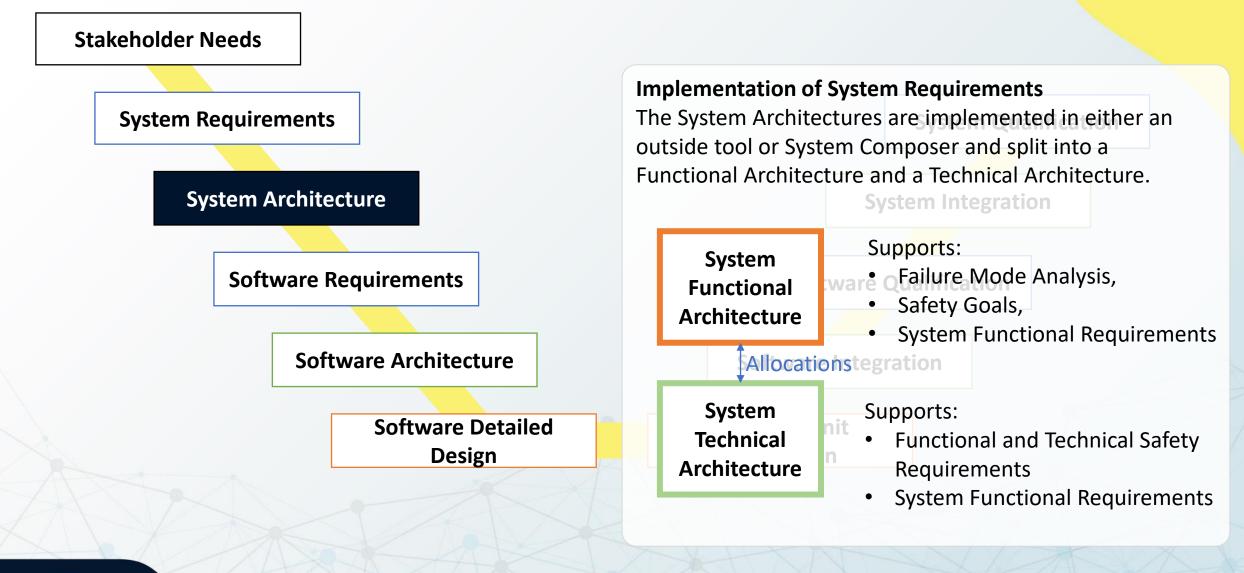




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Process Overview – Software Requirements



Structured Software Requirements

The software requirements are decomposed from the System Requirements and maintained in an outside tool. Then, they are imported into Simulink Requirements via ReqIF* to establish traceability within the MathWorks toolchain.

System Qualification

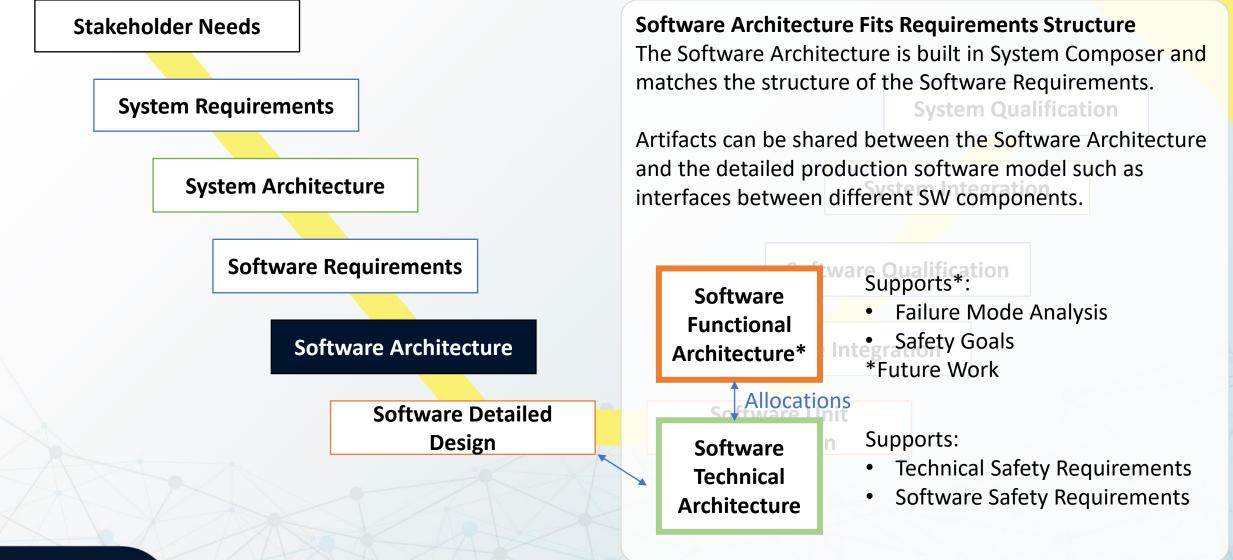
All software requirements can be considered as Software Safety Requirements, some simply being QM if they support no Technical Safety Requirement.

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Ne		Open Save	Add Requirement ReqUIREMENTS	irement Add	Ca Co Show Requirements	Show III - Links III -	EDI	rch Traceabi Matri:	Diagram ANALYSIS	Dashboard	Export SHARE		
								Requirement	: #2				
Index			Summary	Description				Details					
		er1SoftwareRequirements		This requirement set was built in collaboration with Ford Motor Co Imported from Polarion Brake Controls definition for autonomous vehicle ECU Refer to the interface matrix for System Inputs to the Brake Cont.				▼ Properties					
•			Ford Brake Controller Specification					Type:	Informational				
	1		Introduction					Index:	1.1				
	1		System Inputs			Inputs to the Bra	Custom ID: #2						
~	1		Software Safety Requirements Spec	Imported Directly f	Introduction								
	~	1.3.1	Software Functional Requirements	The software is divi	livided into four functions consisting of Input Pro			Description	Rationale				
		1.3.1.1	Input Processing										
	~	1.3.1.2	Main Function										
		> 🖹 1.3.1.2.1	Function1: Read Data from Memory		tion shall read the da			Brake Co ECU	Brake Controls definition for autonomous veh				
		> 1.3.1.2.2	Function2: Verify Power Supply		upply function shall m								
		> 🖹 1.3.1.2.3	Function 3: ECU Command	The ECU Command	d function shall genera	ate motor current	and bra						
		1.3.1.3	Output Processing										
	-	1.3.2	Software Function Library	These are reusable	hese are reusable reference models.								
		1.3.2.1	Quality Factor	The quality factor f	The quality factor function shall read input from supplier and if in								
	*	1.3.3	Software Parameter Requirements	This section provides the conversions from data hex values to en									
	>	1.3.3.1	Software Configuration Requirements Configs are st		ic and cannot be edited by the calibrators during								
	>	1.3.3.2	Software Calibration Requirements	Calibration Paramet	ters are dynamic and	can be edited by	the cali					_	

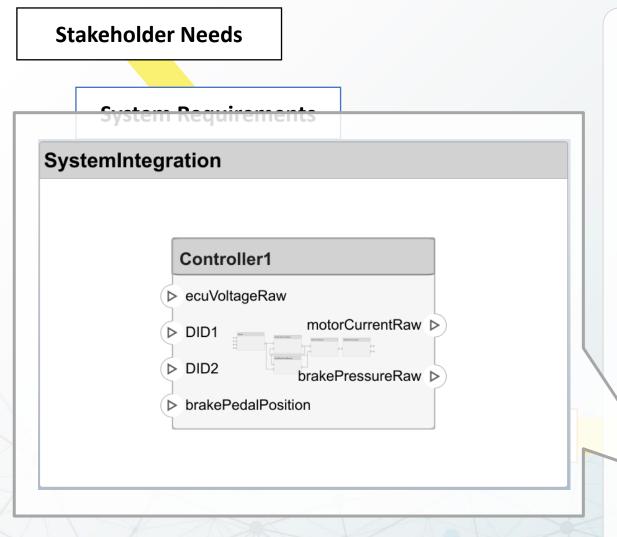
*Requirements Interchange Format





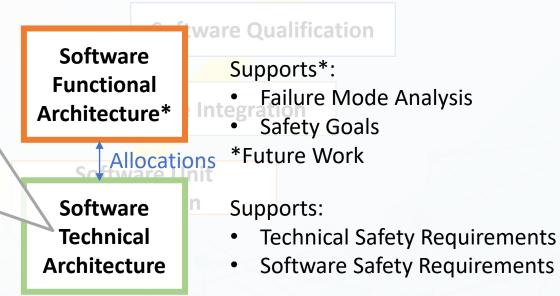






Software Architecture Fits Requirements Structure The Software Architecture is built in System Composer and matches the structure of the Software Requirements. System Qualification

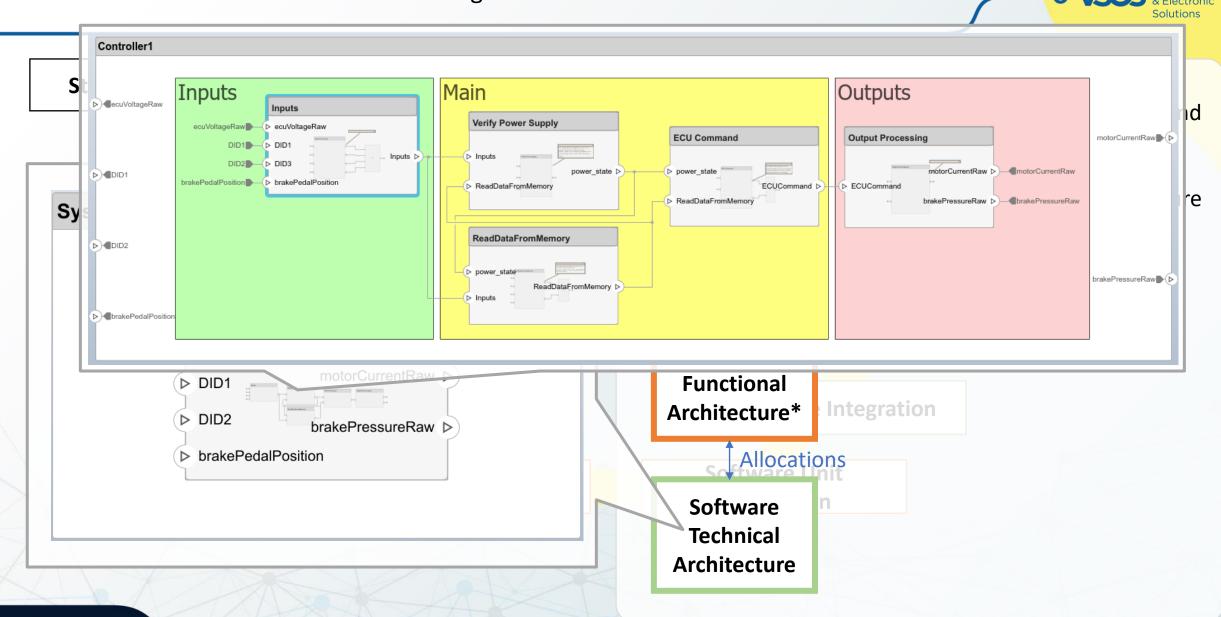
Artifacts can be shared between the Software Architecture and the detailed production software model such as interfaces between different SW components.





Vehicle

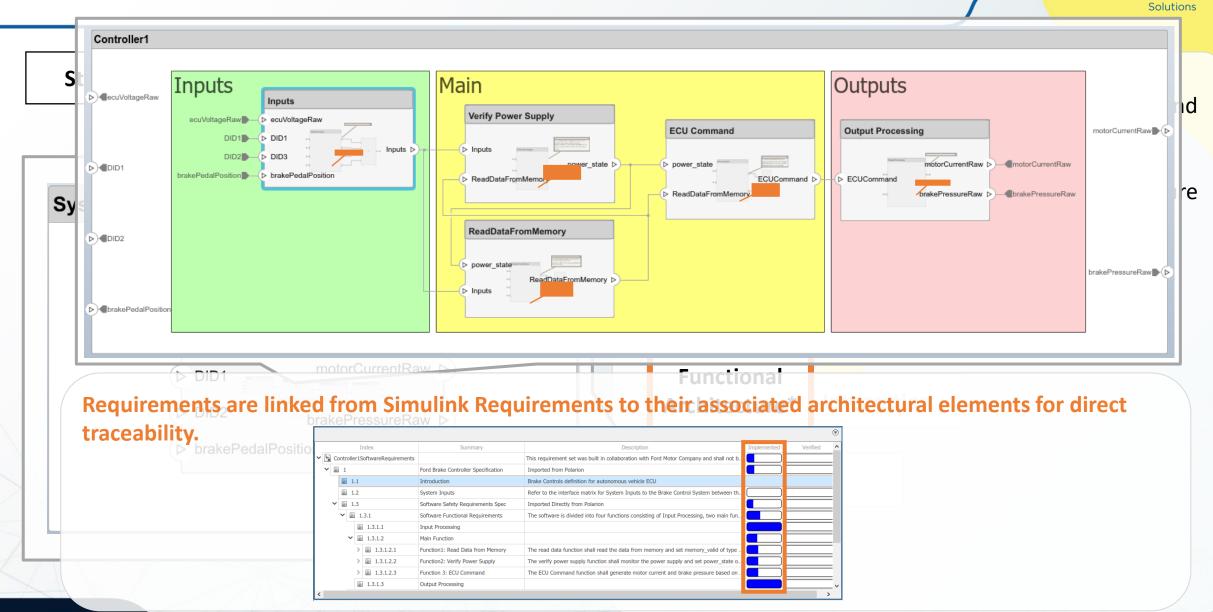
Solution



Find

Vehicle

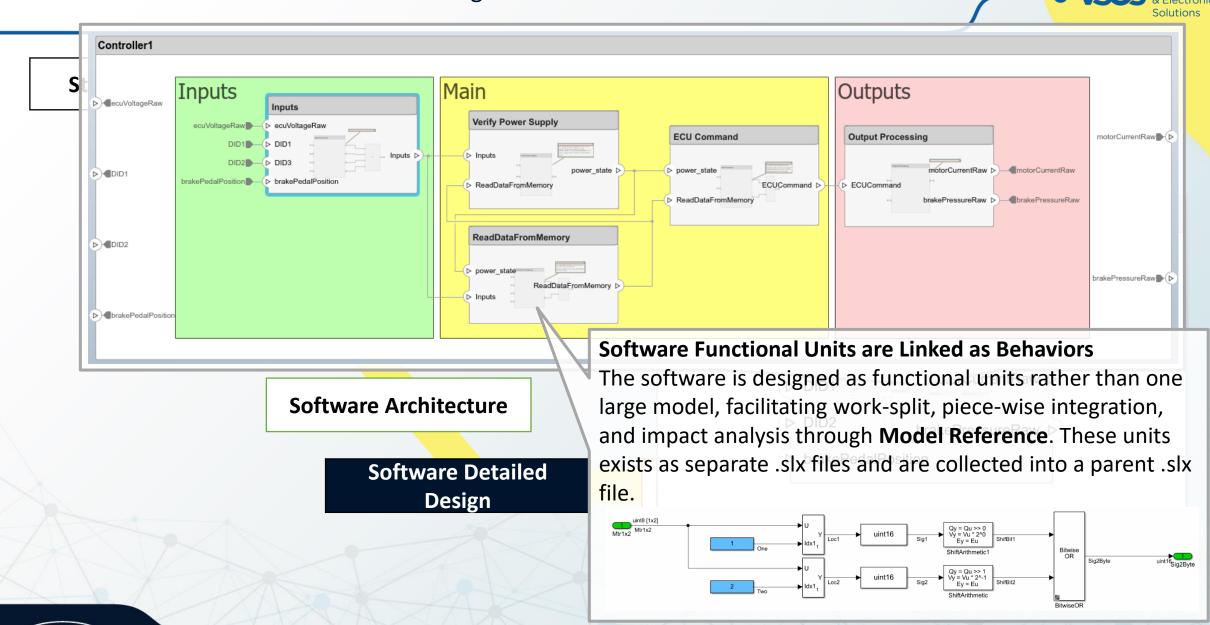
Software





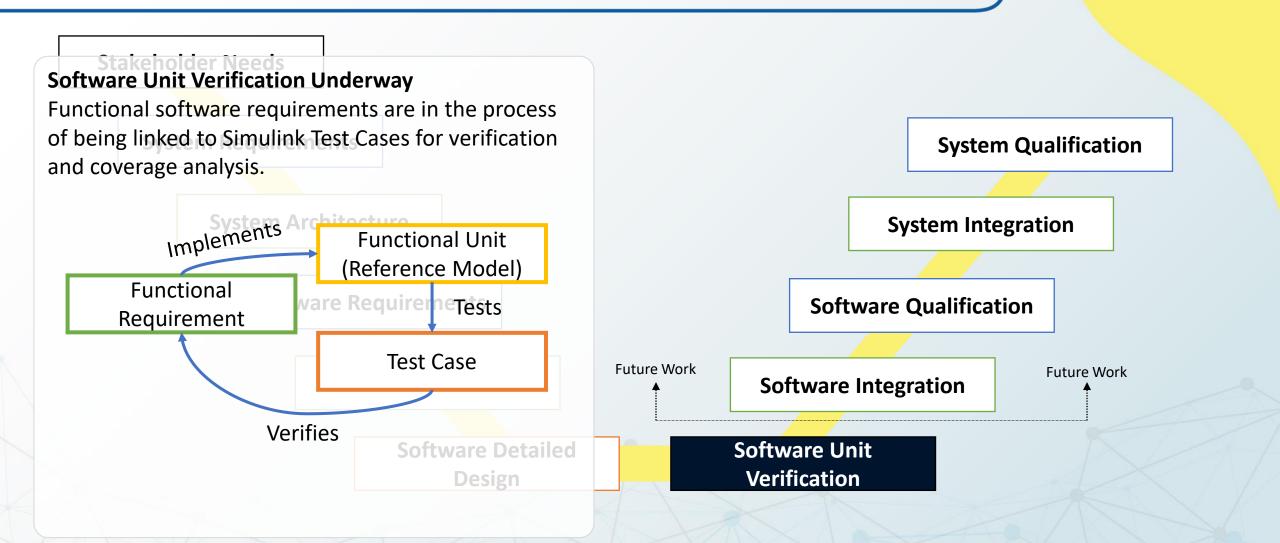
Vehicle

Software



Ford

Vehicle





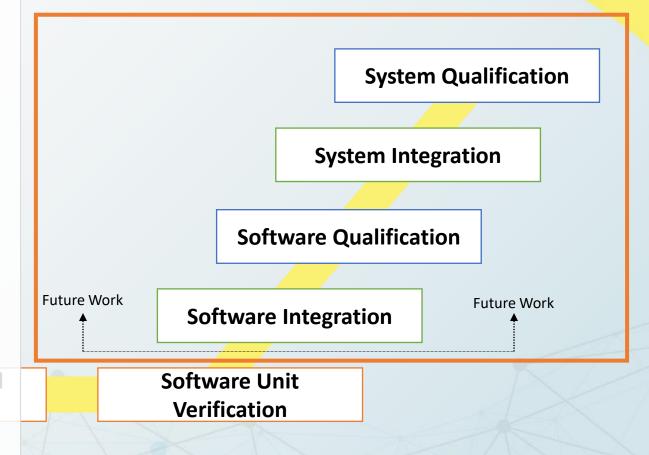
Vehicle

Solution



Stakeholder Needs Next Steps

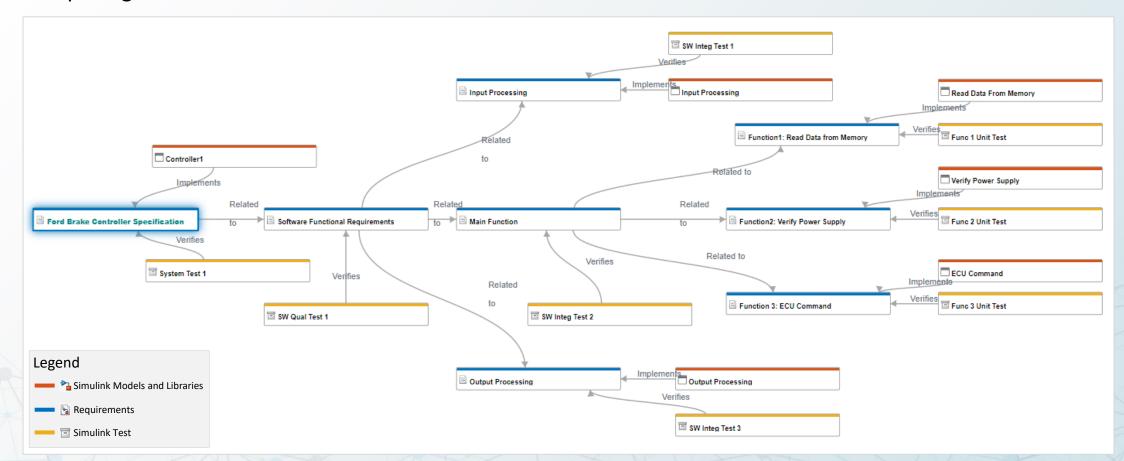
- Continually feedback Software Detailed Design to Software Architecture ments
- Create Design Verification Methods
- Link test cases to Design Verification Methods
- Create the Software Integration and Qualification Test Suites
 Software Requirements
- Identify dependencies of software integration and qualification testing and how to establish traceability across the project artifacts
- Develop System Integration and Qualification Tests
- Integrate Software Architecture with System Architecture





Thread-Pulling Using Traceability Diagram

The Traceability Diagram feature of Simulink Requirements (introduced in R2021b) is planned to be used for thread-pulling activities





Vehicle

Solutions

- Adopting a Model Reference and Reference Data dictionary modeling style enables easier impact analysis and makes generated code easier to read when paired with use of non-virtual buses
- Thread pulling of Technical Safety Requirements is done automatically with Traceability Diagrams in Simulink Requirements/Views in System Composer, enabling review that the Technical Safety Requirements are met and fully validated
- Using a requirements management tool enabled machine readable requirements allowing for greatly improved linking of artifacts
- Creating a software technical architecture model helped develop software implementation requirements and key artifacts can be shared between it and a production model that implements the detailed software design
- Applying a system engineering approach to create a software functional architecture improves ability for up front design



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Linked Library File Structure Main.slx

Main_functions.slx (linked library) Reuse_units.slx (linked library)

Main.sldd

Calibration.sldd (imported from header file)

Model Reference File Structure Main.slx

Submain_function1.slx unit_function2.slx unit_function3.slx Submain_function3.slx > Submain_function4.slx > Submain_function5.slx > Main.sldd

Config.sldd (imported from header file) Calibration.sldd (imported from header file) NonVirtualBus.sldd (creates bus objects that appear in generated code)





Thank you for joining us today.

Please direct any follow-up questions to:

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